



Component Contributions in the OR Index of Leading Indicators

2006 FTA Revenue Estimating
Conference
Portland, OR

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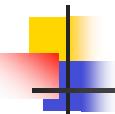
OR Index of Leading Indicators (OILI)

- Follows the Conference Board's Methodology
- 10 Components chosen for national and/or regional relevance
- Timeframe: January 1995 to July 2006



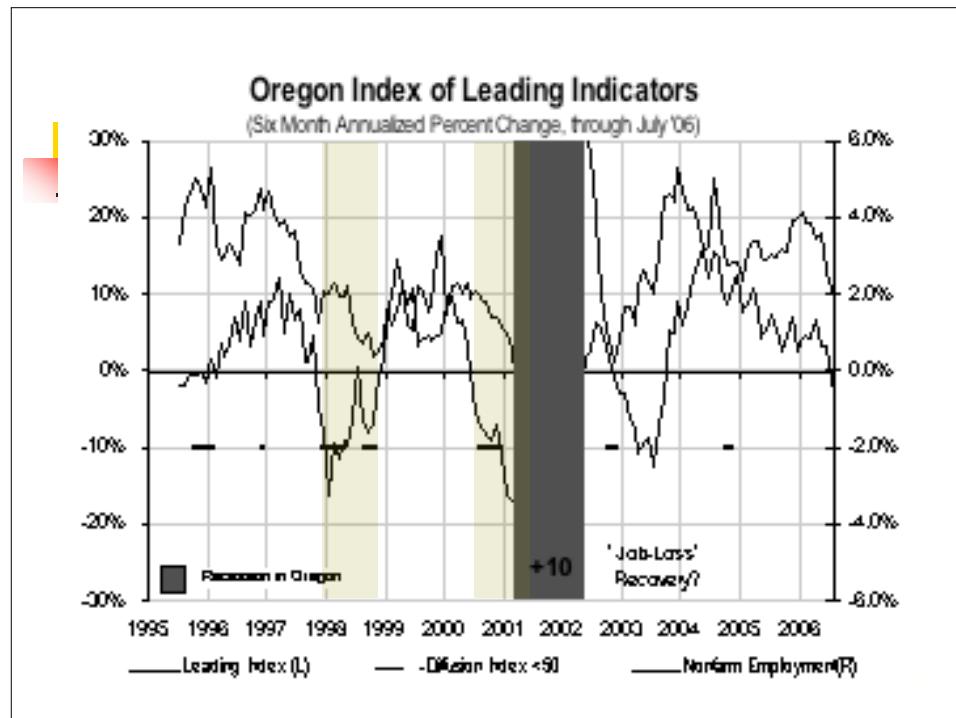
OILI Components

- Yield Curve
- Purchasing Managers' Index
- Semiconductor Book-to-Bill Ratio
- Dollar Index (Pacific excl. Japan)
- Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index
- OR Initial Unemployment Claims
- OR Withholding
- OR Business Incorporations
- Oregonian Help-wanted ads
- OR Building Permits



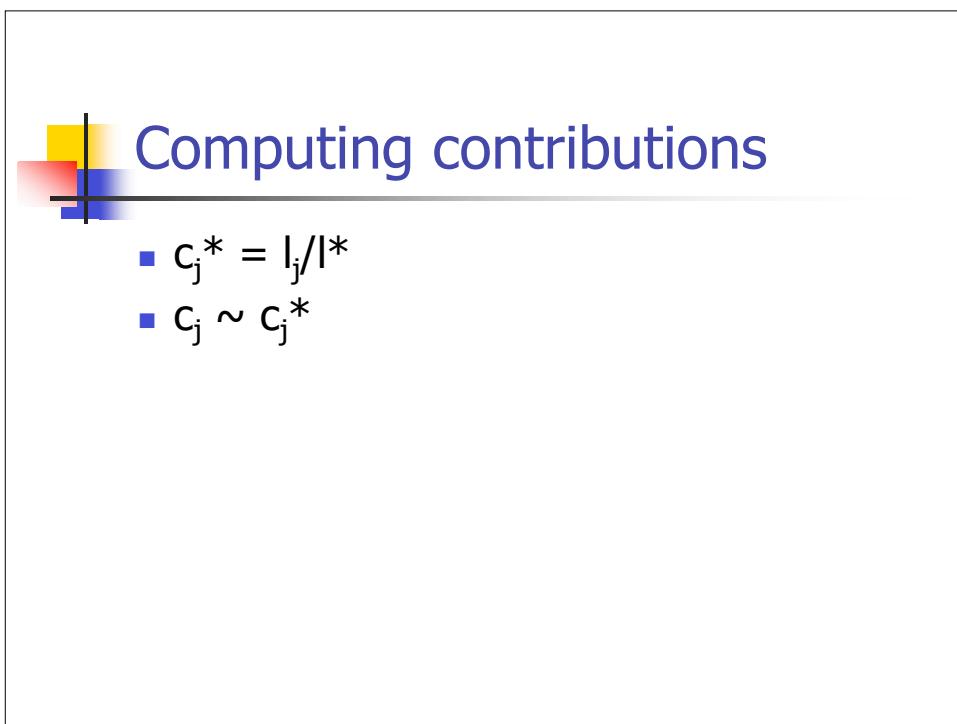
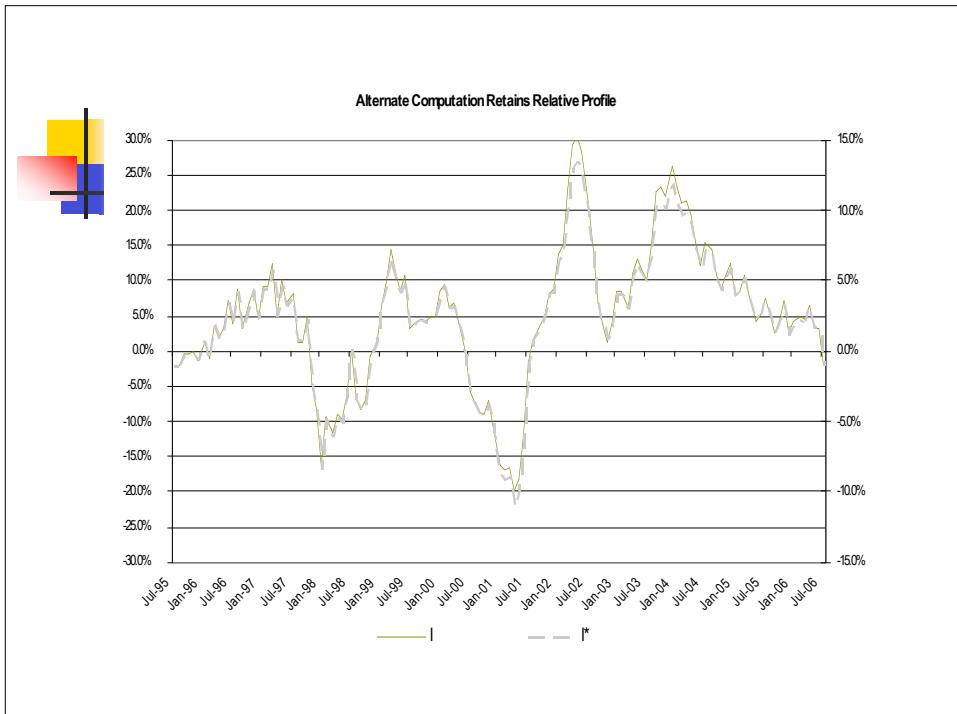
Computation of OILI

- ▣ Compute month-to-month change in each component (symmetric or arithmetic)
- ▣ Adjust for volatility
- ▣ Sum values
- ▣ Compute index using inverse symmetric change (and rebase to 1996=100)
- ▣ Take six-month annualized change.



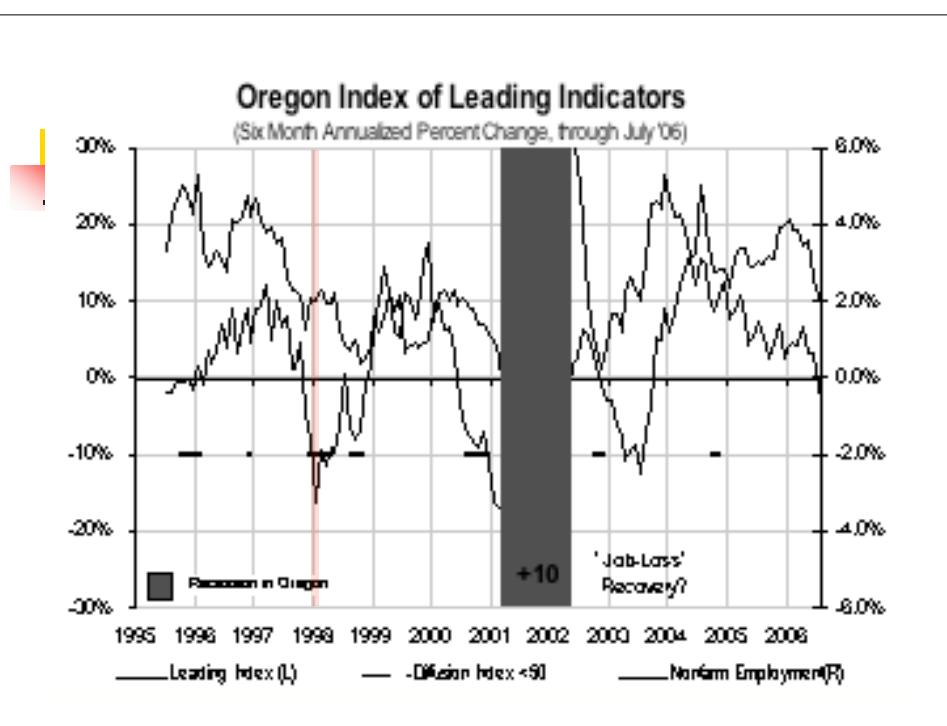
Computing contributions

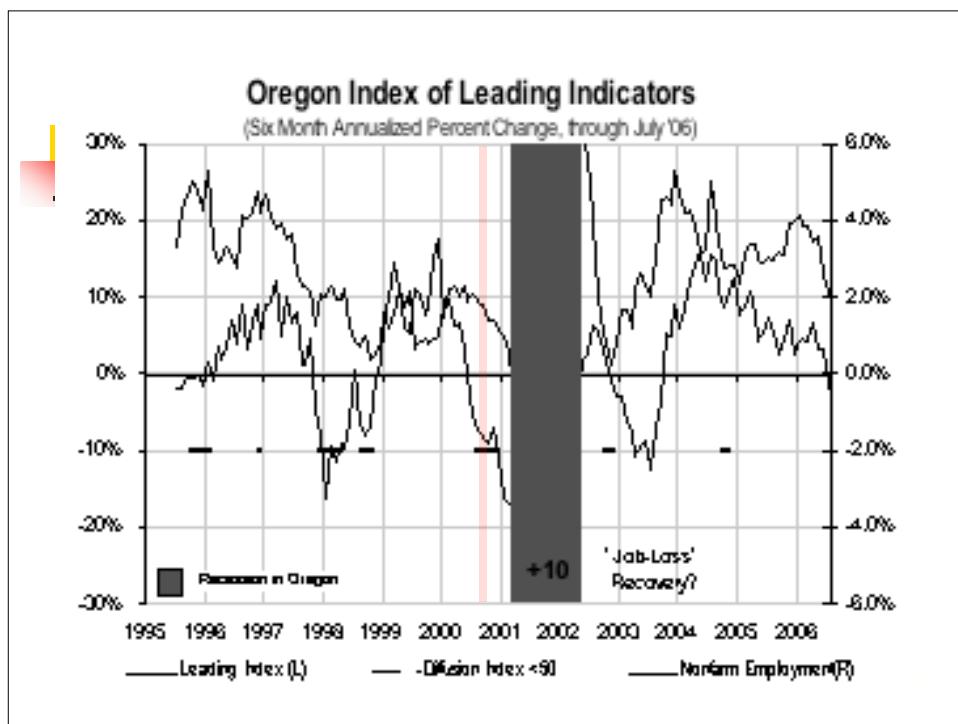
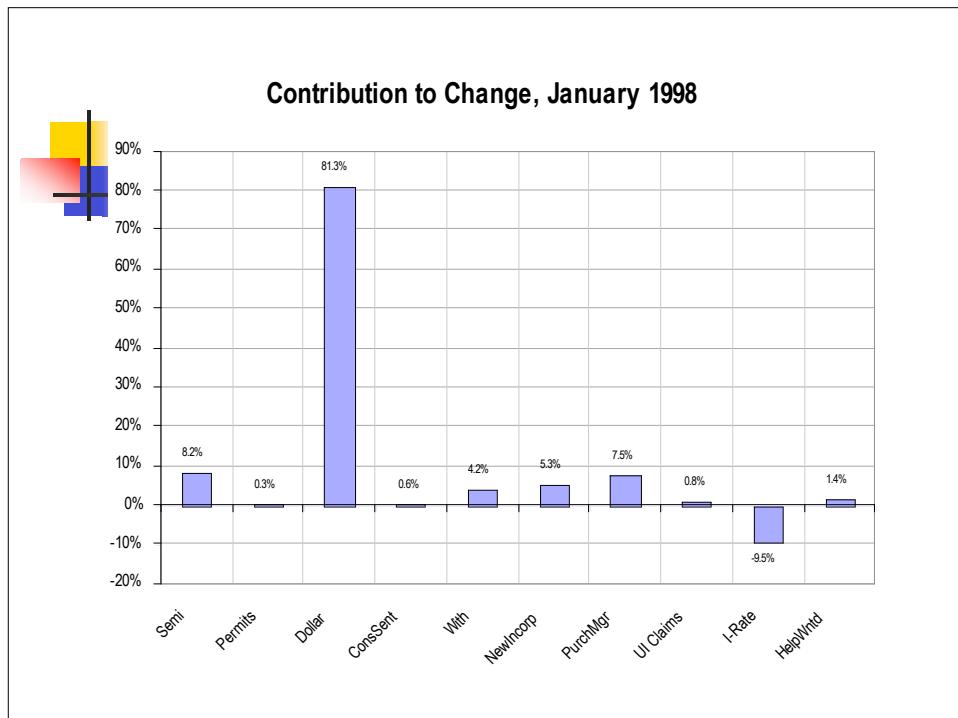
- $I = F(\sum i_j)$
- $I_j = F(i_j)$
- $I^* = \sum I_j$
- $I \neq I^*$, but . . .

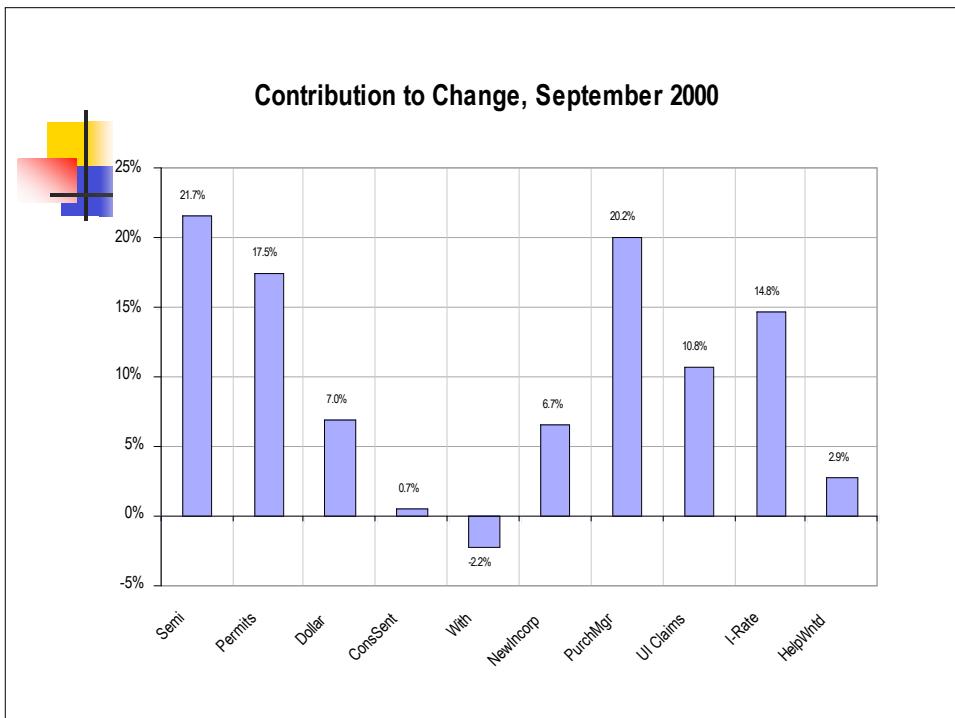


Uses of contribution stats

- Characterize point-in-time signals

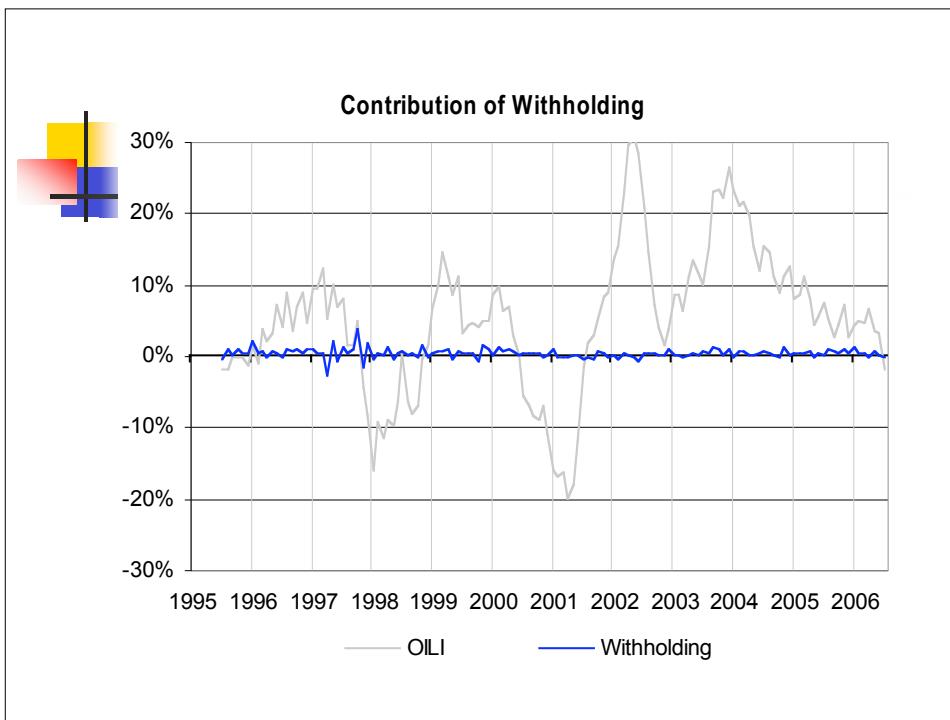
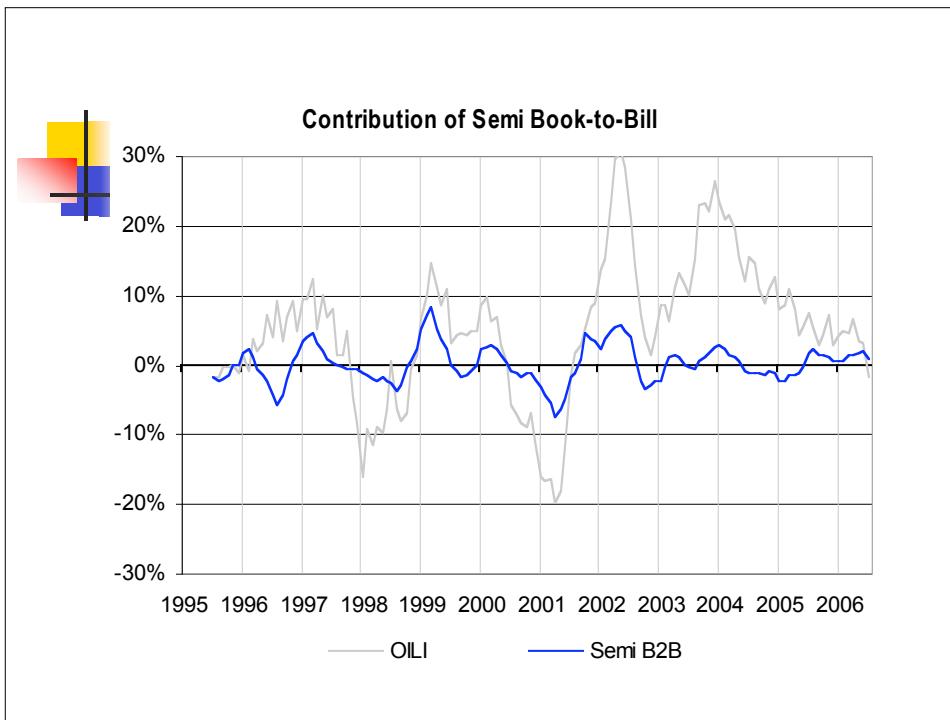


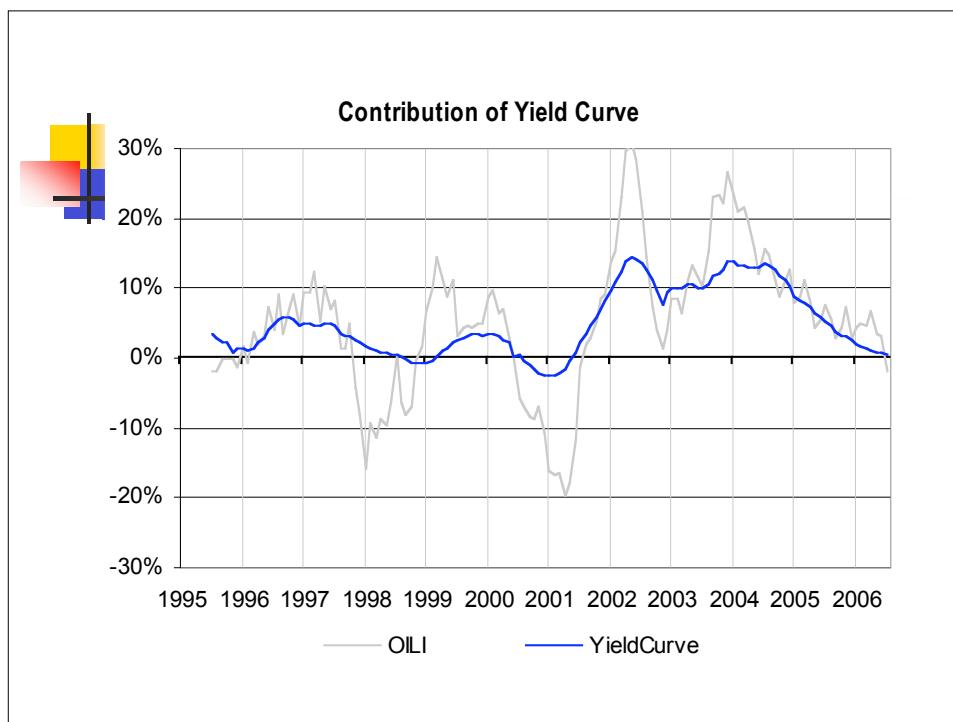
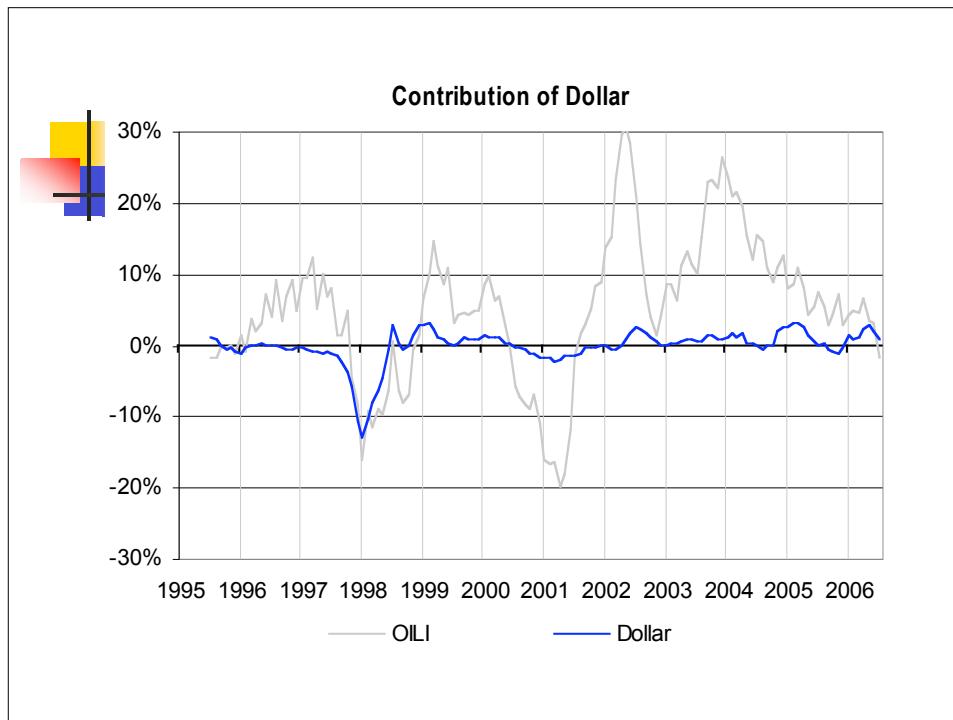




Uses of contribution stats

- Characterize point-in-time signals
- Analyze time-series patterns for specific indicators







Conclusion

- Component contributions to change are valuable in evaluating individual signals in the leading index, as well as assessing the merits of individual components in the leading index.