# Indiana Property Tax Restructuring and Circuit Breakers

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## Timetable of Significant Events

Indiana Supreme Court: Assessment system is unconstitutional

2000 Begin voluntary parcel-level data collection

2002 First tax restructuring

2006

Begin legislated electronic submission of parcel-level data

Parcel-level analysis of 2002 tax restructuring completed

Data warehouse moves from Oracle to MS SQL Server

#### 2007

#### Estimated 23.8% Increase in Homestead Net Tax

Annual Adjustment Catch-up

Phaseout of inventory tax completed

Significant levy increases primarily from new construction

State replacement credits capped

#### Legislative Action

Additional Homestead Credit from new slot machine revenueLocal Option Income Tax (LOIT)

#### Reaction to Property Tax Changes

#### 2007 Session

 LOIT and Homestead Credits

#### Summer 2007

• "Property Tax Crisis"

#### 2008 Session

 "The Property Tax Session"

### 2008 Property Tax Plan

- \$3 B in local property tax levies assumed by the state
- Redirect \$2B in property tax credits to buy local levies
- Sales tax increased from 6% to 7%

- Supplemental homeowner's deduction = 35% of net AV
- Homestead Credits Additional \$620 M in 2008; \$140 M in 2009; \$80 M in 2010

#### Circuit Breakers

## Circuit breaker defined

 Circuit breakers limit property taxes to a percentage of a property's gross assessed value

## Taxpayer credits for taxes above the limit

• Taxing units lose revenue

## Phase-in of circuit breakers

 Provides early taxpayer relief, but allows schools and local units time to transition budgets/spending

#### Phase-In of Circuit Breakers

	2008	2009	2010
Homesteads	2.0%	1.5%	1.0%
Other Residential (1)	N/A	2.5%	2.0%
Apartments	N/A	2.5%	2.0%
Agricultural Land	N/A	2.5%	2.0%
Other Real	N/A	3.5%	3.0%
Personal Property	N/A	3.5%	3.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes long-term care and assisted living facilities, and land rented for the placement of a manufactured or mobile home.

## Additional Circuit Breaker for Qualifying Seniors

Net tax increase capped at 2% per year

Home value is less than \$160,000

Income does not exceed \$30,000 (\$40,000 for a married couple)

# Estimated Average Year-to-Year Change in Homestead Net Tax

2008

• 30.4% Decrease 2009

• 3.4% Increase 2010

• 0.5% Increase

### Circuit Breaker Methodology

- Data
- Assessed Value
- Property Tax Levies
- Tax Rates
- Net Tax Before Circuit Breaker
- Circuit Breaker
- Senior Circuit Breaker
- Final Net Tax
- Local Tax Unit Loss

#### Early Results - 2008 Tax Bills







Allen County (Fort Wayne)

Average 28% reduction for homesteads (without Local Option Income Tax)

Howard County (Kokomo)

Average 50% reduction for homesteads (includes Local Option Income Tax) Wabash County (Wabash)

Average 82% reduction for homesteads (includes Local Option Income Tax)

#### 2007 – 2008 Comparison Reports

Prepared as data is received from the counties

42 Counties Reporting – 30% reduction, ranging from -11.5% to -82.0%

Trend – Small reductions caused by large levy increases; Large reductions come from LOIT adoption

## Links to Property Tax Studies

http://www.in.gov/legislative/publications/

2002-2003 Tax Comparisons

**Circuit Breaker Report** 

**Property Tax Impact Report** 

2007-2008 Tax Comparisons

http://www.in.gov/legislative/bills/2008/PDF/FISCAL/ HB1001.011.pdf

Fiscal Note for HEA 1001 (2008)